LEAD CITY UNIVERSITY, IBADAN

FACULTY OF ARTS AND EDUCATION

DEPARTMENT OF ARTS AND SOCIAL SCIENCES EDUCATION

SECOND SEMESTER 2017/2018 ACADEMIC SESSION

COURSE PARTICULARS

Course Title: Biological Psychology

Course Code: GCE 113

Number of Units: 2

Status: Required

COURSE LECTURER

Name: Sabina N. Obi, Ph.D.

Qualification: B. Ed. [Guidance and Counselling/Political Science], M. Ed. [Counselling

Psychology], Ph.D. [Clinical/Counselling Psychology]

Phone number: 08036047243

E-mail address: sabinaobi27@gmail.com, obi.sabina@lcu.edu.ng

Area of Specialisation: Clinical/Counselling Psychology

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course addresses the biological bases of behaviour: normal and abnormal alike. Students will examine the structural and functional organisation of the nervous system. Focus will be on interrelationships between physiological functioning and behaviour, with special reference to sensory processes, sleep and arousal, motivation and emotion, learning and memory and language, drugs use and abuse. Students will be introduced to the effects of the endocrine system on thought and action.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

At the end of this lecture, students should be able to:

- Describe the biological bases of specific behaviour, both normal and abnormal
- Explain the role of the Nervous system in organization of actions of humans
- Discuss sleep and its importance to humans, as well as sleep disorders and behaviour

• Demonstrate the knowledge of hormones and their effects on human behaviour

LECTURE PLAN

WEEK	TOPIC
1	Introduction/Behaviour and Behavioural Neuroscience
2	Historical Perspectives in Biological Psychology
3	Neurones and Synapses
4	Neurotransmitters
5	The Nervous System-Central Nervous System
6	The Nervous System-Peripheral Nervous System
7	The Limbic System
8	Cognition and Cognitive Dysfunctions
9	The Endocrine System-Hormones and Behaviour
10	Sleep and Behaviour
11	Psychopharmacology
12	Revision

READING LIST

Carlson, N. R. (2012). *Physiology of Behaviour*. (6th Ed.) Boston: Pearson A and B.

Levinthal, C.F. (1990). *Introduction to Physiological Psychology*. (5th Ed.) Englewood Cliff, NJ: Prentice Hall.

Santrock, J.W. (2005) *Psychology*. (7th Ed.) McGraw-Hill Books.

COURSE REQUIREMENTS/ASSESSMENT

For a student to qualify to sit for the final examination in this course, he or she is expected to have a minimum attendance of 75% at lectures.

Continuous Assessment-40 marks [Test-20 marks, Term Paper (Individual & Group)-20 marks]

Examination-60 marks

TUTORIAL QUESTIONS

- 1(a). With the aid of a well-labelled diagram, describe the functions of a typical neurone. (b) State the distinguishing features between Dendrites and Axons.
- 2(a). With the aid of a diagram, describe the structure of the human brain. (b) List the major centres in the Medulla oblongata.
- 3. Describe six (6) of the organs that constitute the Limbic system.
- 4(a). Highlight the functions of the Cerebrum (b) State the three main divisions of the Peripheral nervous system?
- 5. What brings about the Fight, Flight and Freeze reactions? (b) Describe the Sympathetic and Parasympathetic nervous systems.
- 6. Write short notes on the following:
- i. Broca Aphasia ii. Wernicke aphasia ii. Motor neurone iv. Sensory neurone v. Action potential
- 7(a). How do Seizure disorder and Epilepsy affect behaviour? (b) Discuss one psychotherapeutic intervention you can give to the families and caregivers of sufferers.
- 8(a). Describe Neurotransmitters. (b) Highlight the Classes and Sub-classes of neurotransmitters
- 9(a). Describe the six (6) hierarchical processes of Cognition. (b) Briefly describe Dementia.
- 10(a) Define Psychopharmacology. (b) Write short notes on the following:
- i. Site of action ii. Drug tolerance iii. Pharmacokinetics iv. Half life
- 11(a) Why do we sleep? (b) Write short notes on the following:
- i. REM Sleep ii. Insomnia iii. Sleep Apnea iv. Nocturnal Enuresis
- 12(a) Define Hormones (b) List the Hormones of both the Anterior and the Posterior Pituitary gland. (c) Should the Pineal gland exist?

MARKING GUIDE FOR GCE 113 2017/2018 ACADEMIC SESSION

Question

1(a). With the aid of a well-labelled diagram, describe the functions of a typical neurone. (b) State the distinguishing features between Dendrites and Axons.

Answer

1(a). A large well-labelled diagram of a neurone-3 marks, with clearly spelt components like the Soma, Axon, Dendrite and Terminal buttons-3 marks. Also brief descriptions of the components-9 marks (Total=15 marks).

Question

2(a). With the aid of a diagram, describe the structure of the human brain. (b) List the major centres in the Medulla oblongata.

Answer

2(a). A large well-labelled diagram of the human brain-3 marks, with labels showing the <u>positions</u> of the cerebrum, pons varolii, corpus callosum, cerebellum, pituitary gland, medulla oblongata, midbrain-5 and a half marks. (b) A full list of the centres in the medulla oblongata-7 marks (Total=15 marks).

Ouestion

3. Describe six (6) of the organs that constitute the Limbic system.

Answer

3. A comprehensive list-(2 marks) and succinct description of the organs of the Limbic system-(13 marks) (Total=15 marks).

Ouestion

4(a). Highlight the functions of the Cerebrum (b) State the three main divisions of the Peripheral nervous system?

Answer

4(a). Full highlights of the functions of the Cerebrum-(11 marks) (b) The three main divisions of the Peripheral Nervous system in the right order-(4 marks).

Question

5. What brings about the Fight, Flight and Freeze reactions? (b) Describe the Sympathetic and Parasympathetic nervous systems.

Answer

5. Description of an emergency situation (considering the role of Adrenaline) that could bring these reactions and explanations-(7 marks) (b) full description of the Sympathetic and Parasympathetic nervous systems-(8 marks) (Total=15 marks).

Question

- 6. Write short notes on the following:
- i. Broca Aphasia ii. Wernicke aphasia ii. Motor neurone iv. Sensory neurone v. Action potential

Answer

6. Succinct notes of the constructs-(3 marks each) (Total= 15 marks).

Question

7(a). How do Seizure disorder and Epilepsy affect behaviour? (b) Discuss one psychotherapeutic intervention you can give to the families and caregivers of sufferers.

Answer

7(a). The effects of Seizure disorder and Epilepsy of the psychological and social functioning of sufferers-(9 marks) (b) detailed discussion of psychotherapy that can be given to families and caregivers and even suffers-(6 marks).

Ouestion

8(a). Describe Neurotransmitters. (b) Highlight the Classes and Sub-classes of neurotransmitters

Answer

8(a). Description of Neurotransmitters, the types-excitatory and inhibitory and their locations throughout the nervous system-(6 marks) (b) description of the Classes and Sub-classes of neurotransmitters-(9 marks).

Question

9(a). Describe the six (6) hierarchical processes of Cognition. (b) Briefly describe Dementia.

Answer

9(a). The six (6) hierarchical processes of Cognition-(10 marks) (b) Brief description of Dementia-(5 marks)

Question

- 10(a) Define Psychopharmacology. (b) Write short notes on the following:
- i. Site of action ii. Drug tolerance iii. Pharmacokinetics iv. Half life

Answer

10(a). Definition of Psychopharmacology-(3 marks) (b) Short notes on the constructs-(12 marks).

Question

11(a) Why do we sleep? (b) Write short notes on the following:

i. REM Sleep ii. Insomnia iii. Sleep Apnea iv. Nocturnal Enuresis

Answer

11(a) Description of sleep, why we sleep and types of sleep-(7 marks) (b) Short notes on the concepts and terms-(8 marks).

Question

12(a) Define Hormones (b) List the Hormones of both the Anterior and the Posterior Pituitary gland. (c) Should the Pineal gland exist?

Answer

12(a) Definition of hormones-(3 marks) (b) List of hormones from the Pituitary gland-(8 marks) (c) Judgement and importance of the Pineal gland-(4 marks).